## **ANSWERS!**

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use the following diagram for #1-11. For #1-8, write the letter...

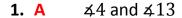
 $\mathbf{A} \longrightarrow \text{if the angles are alternate}$  interior angles,

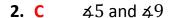
 $C \longrightarrow if$  the angles are corresponding angles,

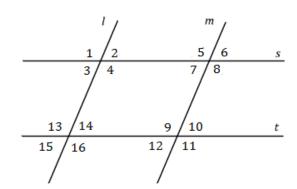
 $\mathbf{E} \longrightarrow \text{if the angles are alternate}$  exterior angles,

 $S \longrightarrow$  if the angles are same-side interior angles,

 $N \rightarrow$  if the angles are none of these







**6. E** 
$$412$$
 and  $46$ 

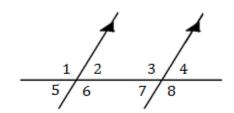
**7.** N 
$$45$$
 and  $410$ 

**8.** 
$$\triangle$$
 47 and 410

**10.** If 
$$l \mid | m \text{ and } m \not\preceq 3 = w$$
, then  $m \not\preceq 13 = 180 - w$ .

**11.** If 
$$l \mid |m|$$
 and  $s \mid |t|$  and  $m \not = 16 = 100$ , then  $m \not = 5 = 100$ .

**12.** List **all** angles supplementary to ≰1.



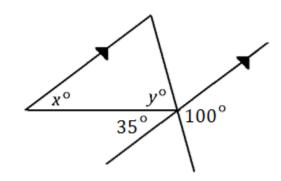
<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: For #13-20, make the statements true using **ALWAYS**, **SOMETIMES**, or **NEVER** (write the entire word).

- **13.** If a line is parallel to plane *X* and also to plane *Y*, then plane *X* and plane *Y* are sometimes parallel to each other.
- **14.** Two lines that do not intersect are **sometimes** parallel.
- **15.** Two lines parallel to a third line are **always** parallel to each other.
- **16.** Two nonintersecting lines are **sometimes** skew.
- **17.** If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then alternate interior angles are **always** congruent to each other.
- **18.** If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then same-side interior angles are **sometimes** congruent to each other.
- **19.** Two planes parallel to a third plane are **always** parallel to each other.
- **20.** In a plane, two lines perpendicular to the same line are parallel to each other.

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: For # 21-24, solve for the given variables.

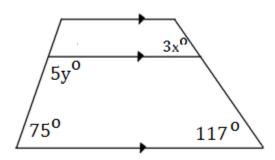
**21.** 
$$x = 35$$

$$y = 65$$



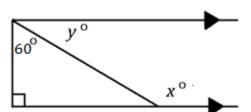
**22.** 
$$x = 39$$
  $y = 23$ 

$$v = 23$$



**23.** 
$$x = 150$$
  $y = 30$ 

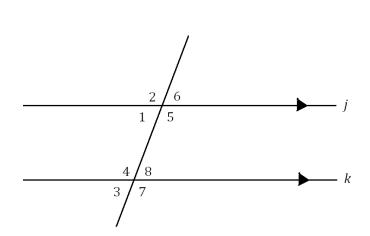
$$v = 30$$



**24.** 
$$x = 9$$

$$y = 12$$

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: For #25-30, supply the missing reasons for the proof.



Given:  $j \mid\mid k$ 

**Prove**: ≰1 and ≰7 are supp ≰s

**26.** ≰1 and ≰4 are supp ≰s

**27.** $m \ne 1 + m \ne 4 = 180$ 

**28.** $m \not = 4 = m \not = 7$ 

**29.** $m \ne 1 + m \ne 7 = 180$ 

**30.**41 and 47 are supp 4s

25. Given

**26.** If | | lines, then s-s int ∠s are supps

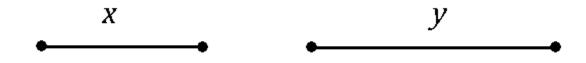
27. Def of supp ≰s

28. Vertical  $\angle$ s are  $\cong$ 

29. Substitution

30. Def of supp ≰s

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use the following segments, along with a straightedge and a compass, to construct a segment with the given length. Show all work and color your final segment (use a colored pencil, for example). In addition, you can label your final segment as  $\overline{AB}$ . (2 total pts)



**31.** 
$$3x - y$$

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use a straightedge and a compass to complete the following constructions. SHOW ALL WORK. (2 pts each- 4 total pts)

**32.** Construct a line that passes through the point P and is perpendicular to line l.

• F

(Watch <a href="http://youtu.be/l4dh2R6b1N0">http://youtu.be/l4dh2R6b1N0</a>)

**33.** Construct a line that passes through the point P and is perpendicular to line l.

P

(Watch <a href="http://youtu.be/z-qdyuQ-JSw">http://youtu.be/z-qdyuQ-JSw</a>)